## **LERMACINE**

## What is Lermacine and when is it used?

Lermacine is a combination of the vitamins B1, B6 and B12 used as an adjuvant in the treatment of neurologic diseases such as neuritis, polyneuritis, neuralgia, and phantom pains. As adjuvant in the treatment of forms of chronic intoxication such as alcoholism, delirium treatments, and Korsakoff's psychosis. It should be taken only on the prescription of your physician.

# What else should be taken into account during treatment?

This drug has been prescribed by your physician for your present condition. Therefore do not use it on your own initiative to treat other diseases or other persons.

# When should Lermacine not be used?

You should inform your physician if you have already developed an allergic reaction to Lermacine.

# What precautionary measures should be observed when taking Lermacine?

In Parkinson patients receiving levodopa, Lermacine increases peripheral decarboxylation and reduces the effectiveness of the drug.

Patients being treated with levodopa should not exceed their daily requirements of vitamin B6

# Can Lermacine be taken during pregnancy or breast-feeding?

If you are pregnant or if you wish to conceive, your physician will decide whether you should take Lermacine. The use of Lermacine does not interfere in pregnancy or breast feeding.

#### How do you use Lermacine?

Your physician will recommend you to take 1-2 coated tablets 3 times daily. After 4 weeks, the treatment should be discontinued for 10 days and then resumed for another four-week period.

Swallow the coated tablets with a glass of liquid.

### What adverse effects can Lermacine have?

Adverse reactions seldom occur following administration of Lermacine.

Long-term administration of large doses of Vitamin B6 is associated with the development of severe peripheral neuropathies. The following drugs may alter the efficacy of Vitamin B6: isonlazid, penicillamine, oral contraceptives.

Absorption of Vitamin B12 from gastro-intestinal tract may be reduced by aminogicosides, aminosalicyclic acid, anticonvulsants, chloramphenicol, cimetidine and methyldopa.

# What else should be taken into account?

Like all drugs, Lermacine should be kept out of reach of children. It should be stored in its original packaging, protected from air and light.

It may not be used after the expiry date printed with the letters "EXP" on the container.

For further particulars, consult your physician or pharmacist who possesses detailed information for healthcare professionals.

#### What does Larmacine contain?

One tablet of Lermacine contains: Thiamine Hydrochloride (Vit. B1) 125 mg Pyridoxine Hydrochloride (Vit. B6)250 mg Cyanocobalamin (Vit. B12) 0.25 mg

# Where can you obtain Lermacine? What packages are available?

In pharmacies, with a medical prescription.

Packages of: Lermacine 30 coated tablets

#### Manufacturer

Labatec-Pharma S.A. Geneva, Switzerland